



Cospas-Sarsat Updates

- International Cospas-Sarsat Programme
- Space Segment and LUTs status
- Saves and Events
- MEOSAR System and status
- IBRD and Website Updates
- Upcoming Events and Activities



Cospas-Sarsat Mission and Objective

Mission: To provide accurate, timely and reliable

distress alert and location data to help SAR

authorities assist persons in distress.

Objective: To reduce, as far as possible, delays in the

provision of distress alerts to SAR and the time to

locate a distress and provide assistance.

Strategy: To implement, maintain, co-ordinate and

operate a satellite system capable of detecting

transmissions from radio-beacons that comply with

C/S specifications.



Cospas-Sarsat Participants



- 60 % of world land area
- 72 % of world population
- 84 % of estimated world wealth

Netherlands New **Zealand Nigeria Norway Pakistan** Peru **Poland** Russia Saudi **Arabia** Serbia **Singapore South Africa Spain Sweden Switzerland Thailand Tunisia Turkey** UAE UK **USA**

Vietnam

Algeria

Argentina

Australia

Brazil

Canada

Chile

China (P.R.)

Cyprus

Denmark

Finland

France

Germany

Greece

Hong Kong

India

Indonesia

Italy

ITDC

Japan

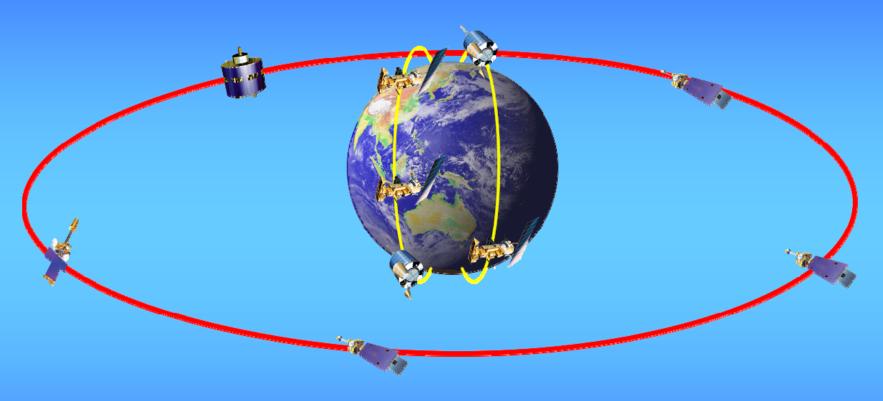
Korea (R. of)

Madagascar

- Founders: Canada, France, Russia and the USA
- **26** Ground Segment Providers
- 11 User States
- **Organisations**



Cospas-Sarsat System Combined LEO / GEO Operations



LEOSAR: Sarsat (NOAA, MetOp) and Cospas

• GEOSAR: GOES (USA), INSAT (India), MSG (EUMETSAT),

Electro-L and Louch (Russia)



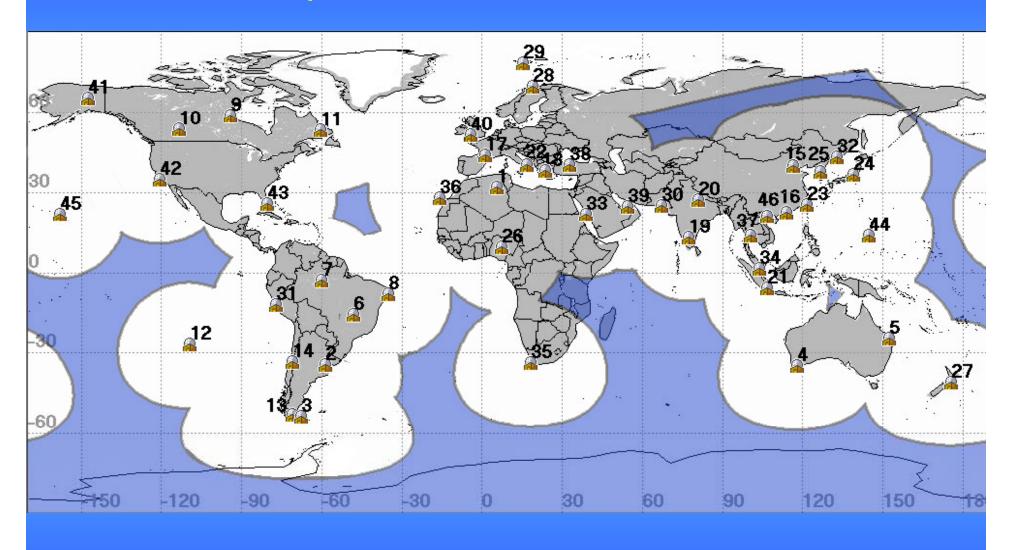
Cospas-Sarsat LEOSAR Space Segment Status

Cospas-Sarsat Payload	Spacecraft	Launch Date	Status
Sarsat-7	NOAA-15	May 1998	0
Sarsat-8	NOAA-16	September 2000	0
Sarsat-9	NOAA-17	June 2002	0
Sarsat-10	NOAA-18	May 2005	0
Sarsat-11	METOP-A	October 2006	0
Sarsat-12	NOAA-19	February 2009	0
Sarsat-13	МЕТОР-В	September 2012	UT
Sarsat-14	Free Flyer	Projected 2016	-
Cospas-13	METEOR	Projected 2014	-
Cospas-14	METEOR	Projected 2015	-

6 LEO in operation, 1 LEO under test, 3 still planned to be deployed



Cospas-Sarsat 57 LEOLUTs

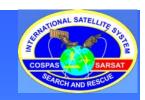




Satellite Gap Time for the current satellite configuration vs various beacon locations

Satellite Configuration	Low Latitude Mid- Latitude 30-60 degrees			High Latitude 60-90 degrees		
	Median Satellite Gaps (Hrs)	95% Satellite Gaps (Hrs)	Median Satellite Gaps (Hrs)	95% Satellite Gaps (Hrs)	Median Satellite Gaps (Hrs)	95% Satellite Gaps (Hrs)
6 satellites in 3 planes (Current)	< 0.75	< 3.3	< 0.7	< 3.3	< 0.25	< 1.7



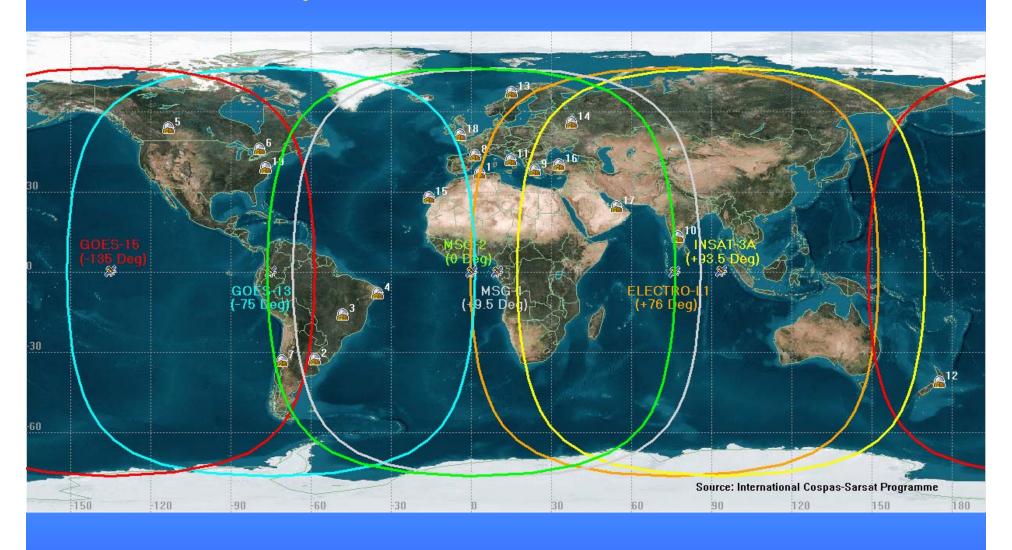


Spacecraft	Launch Date	Position	Status
GOES-12	July 2001	60° W	In-orbit spare
GOES-13 (East)	May 2006	75° W	In operation
GOES-14	June 2009	105° W	In-orbit spare
GOES-15 (West)	March 2010	135° W	In operation
GOES-16	Projected 2016	TBD	Projected
GOES-17	Projected 2017	TBD	Projected
INSAT-3A	April 2003	93.5° E	In operation
INSAT-3D	Projected 2012 / 2013	83.5° E	Projected
MSG-1	August 2002	9.5° E	In operation
MSG-2	December 2005	0° (9.5° E)	In operation
MSG-3	August 2012	3.4° E (0°)	Under Test
MSG-4	Projected 2015	TBD	Projected
Elektro-L No.1	January 2011	76° E	In Operation
Louch-5A	December 2011	95° E (167 ° E)	Under test
Elektro-L No.2	Projected 2012	16º W	Projected

6 GEO in operation, 2 in testing (1 in new position), many more to come

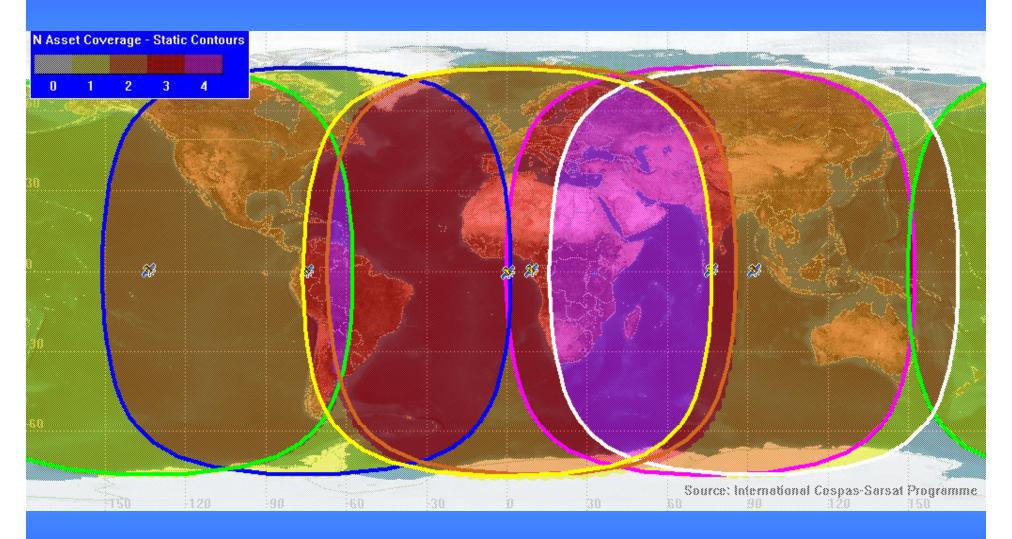


Cospas-Sarsat 22 GEOLUTs





GEOSAR Visibility (Sept. 2012)

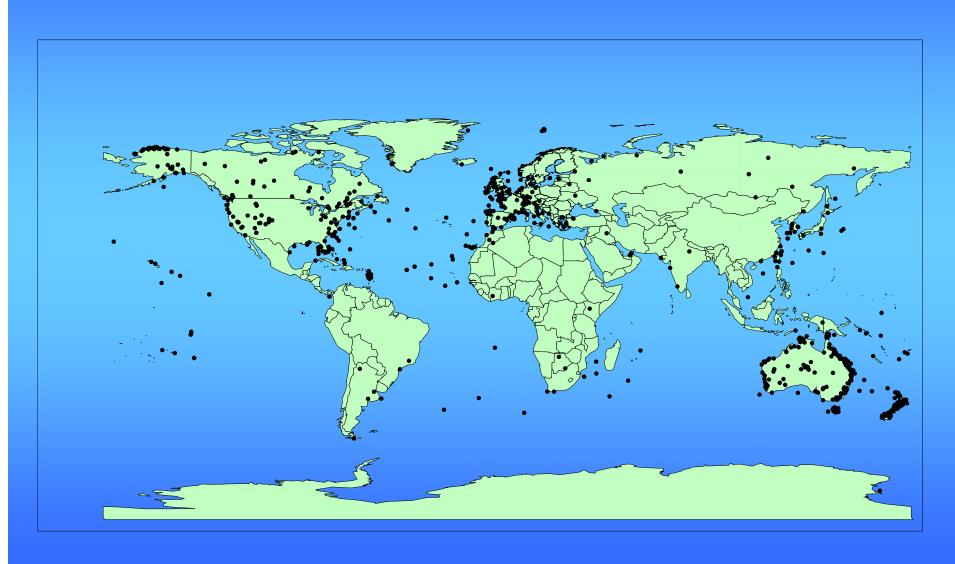


1 satellite visibility 96.1% 3 satellites visibility 38.5%

2 satellites visibility 80.9% 4 satellites visibility 15.3%



Cospas-Sarsat 2011 – Alert Locations





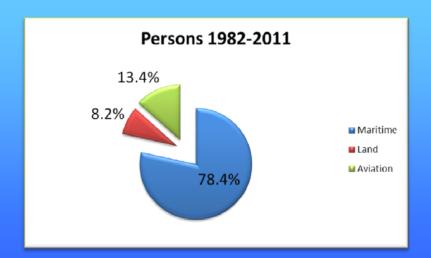
Cospas-Sarsat Rescue Operations Statistics

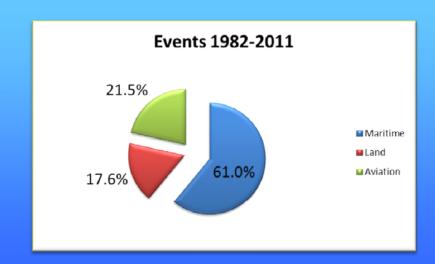
2011

SAR Events: 637 (641 in 2010)
P. Rescued: 2208 (2338 in 2010)

SAR Events (1982 / 2011) : > **9,024**

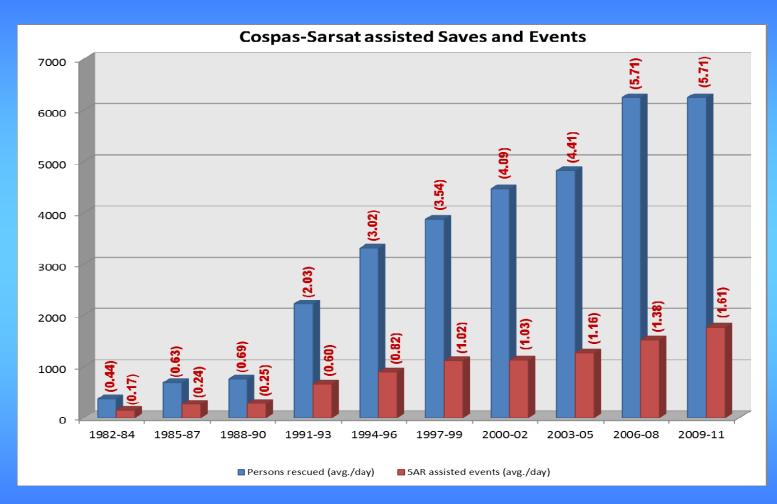
P. Rescued (1982 / 2011): > 32,921







Cospas-Sarsat Assisted Rescues Evolution



ON AVERAGE 5.71 ASSISTED RESCUES PER DAY IN THE LAST 6 YEARS



Cospas-Sarsat Operational MEOSAR System

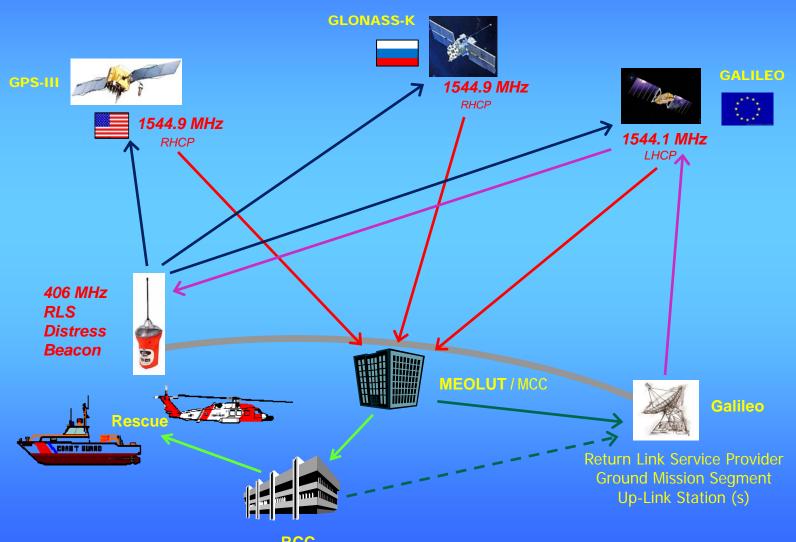
USA (GPS), Russia (GLONASS), and ESA/EC (Galileo) plan to include 406 MHz repeaters on future medium-altitude Earth orbiting (MEO) satellite constellations



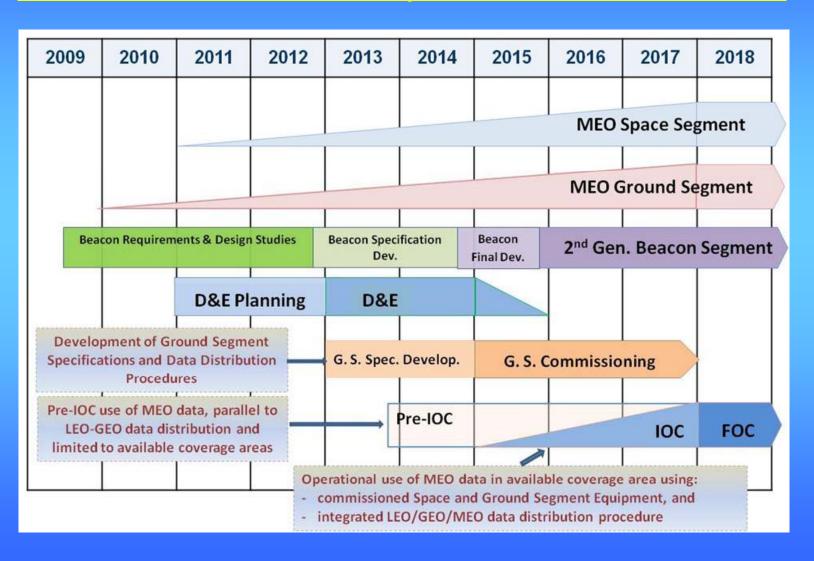
- Backward compatible with C/S T.001 406MHz
 Beacons;
- SAR components of constellations will be fully interoperable;.



Cospas-Sarsat 406 MHz MEOSAR RLS System Concept



Cospas-Sarsat <u>Tentative MEOSAR Implementation Schedule</u>



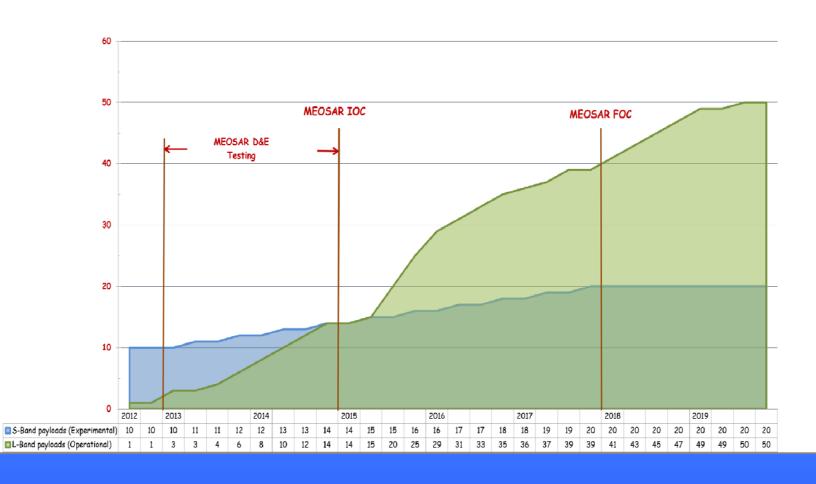


Cospas-Sarsat MEOSAR Space Segment Status

- Currently 10 DASS POC payloads (S-Band) in orbit, used by Cospas-Sarsat Participants for MEOSAR system development. 10 more payloads expected to be deployed by 2018.
- One operational MEOSAR payload (Glonass K) launched in early 2011. A second one is expected to be deployed at the end of 2012. A total of 50 payloads planned to be deployed by the end of 2019.

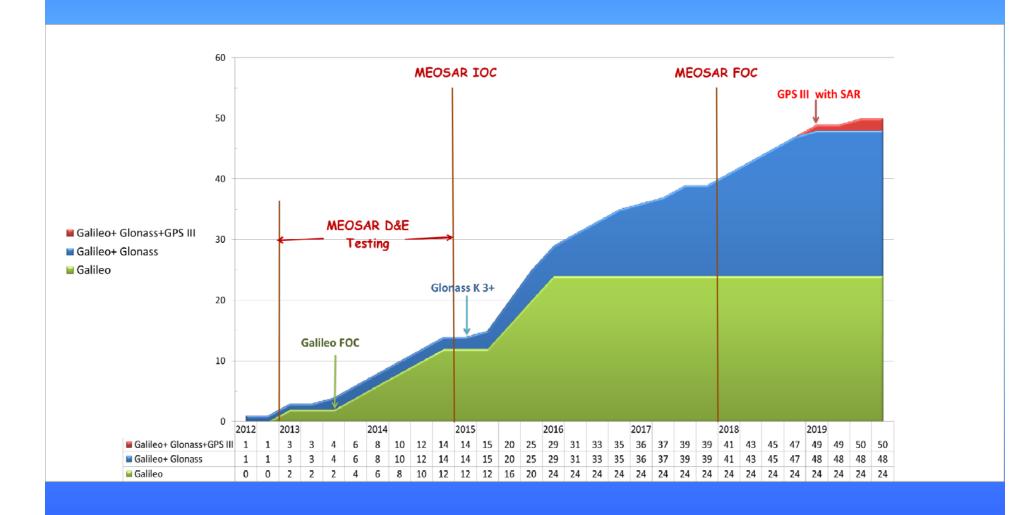


Cospas-Sarsat MEOSAR Space segment



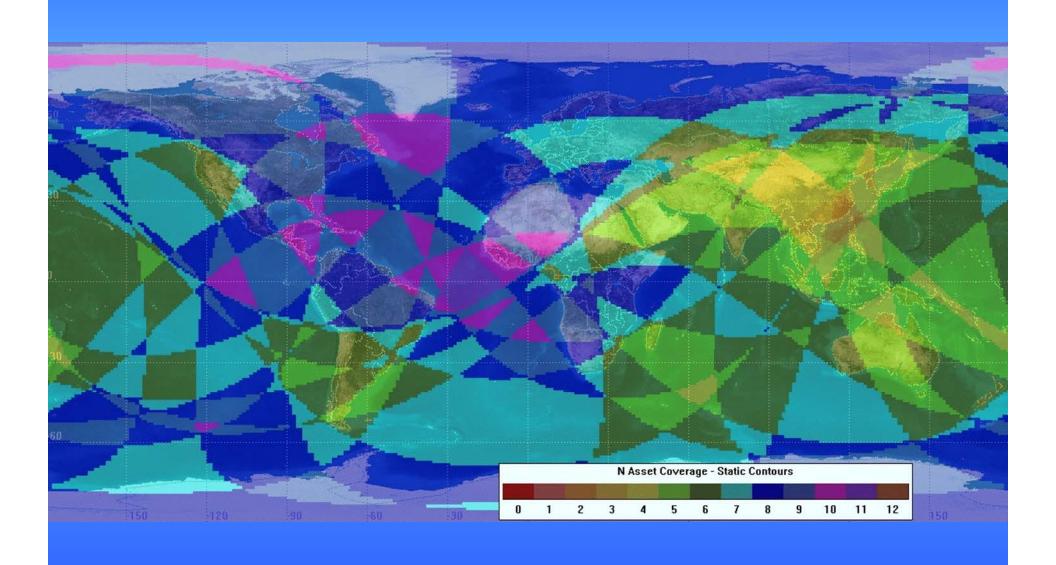


Cospas-Sarsat MEOSAR Space segment



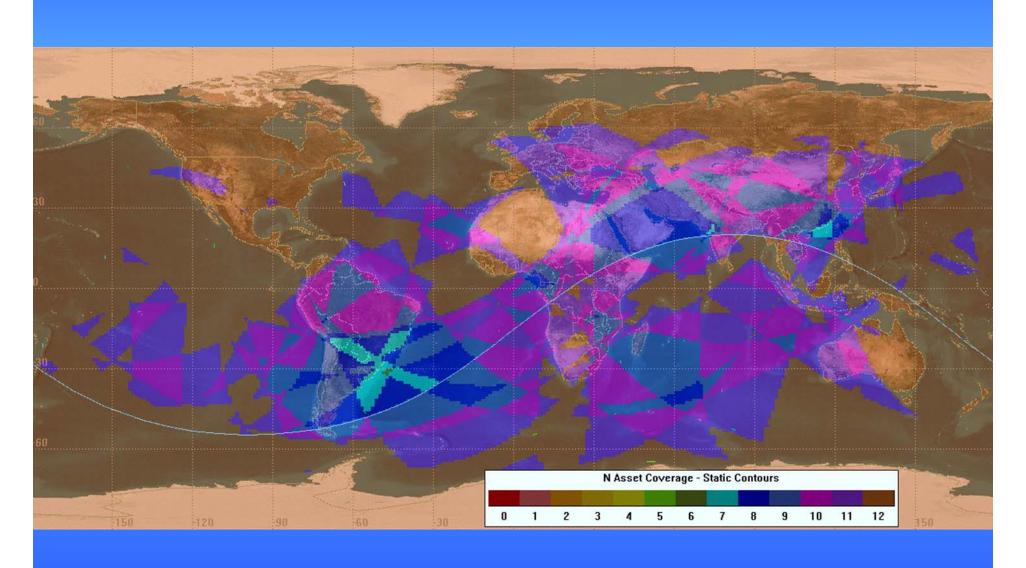


MEOSAR Satellites Visibility around IOC



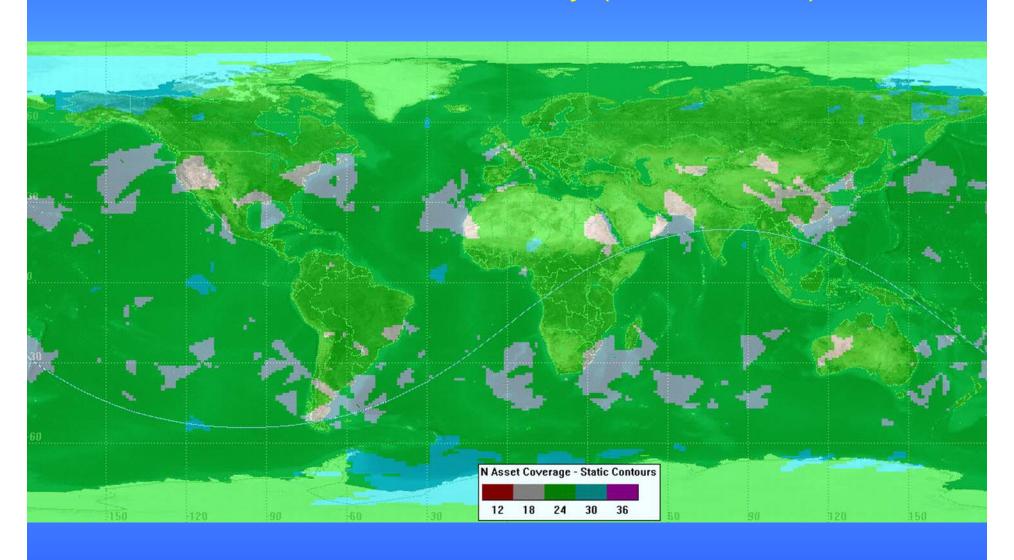


MEOSAR Satellites Visibility around FOC





MEOSAR Satellites Visibility (75 satellites)





Cospas-Sarsat MEOLUT Deployment Status

• Experimental MEOLUTs currently used for MEOSAR testing in:

Brazil, Canada, France, Russia, UK, USA and Turkey.

Operational MEOLUTs planned to be deployed in:

Australia/New-Zealand (2), Brazil, Canada (2), Cyprus, France, India, Norway, Russia(2), Spain and the USA(2).

 Additional MEOLUTs locations expected to be announced in the upcoming years.



Cospas-Sarsat IBRD and Website Recent Developments

- Usage of the IBRD continues to grow, with 31,335 beacons registered as at September 2012, an increase of about 10% over last year's total number of registered beacons (28,000 in October 2011).
- Dual, redundant server sites for the IBRD established in 2012 to ensure that a catastrophic failure at any single data center does not impair IBRD availability (simultaneously affording the same redundancy benefit to the Cospas-Sarsat website).
- The website continued to be a major effort in 2012, in particular, the "SAR Event" input tool was created to allow individual Administrations to input their data via the website by using the online input form or the bulk upload feature.



Cospas-Sarsat Important Upcoming Events and Activities

- Expert Working Group Meeting on 2nd Generation 406 MHz Beacon specification (March 2013 TBC).
- Task Group on MEOSAR D&E phase (Sept 2013 TBC).
- Coordination with ICAO and the FLIRECP on amendments to the annex 6 of the ICAO convention. (new legislation requiring that airplanes carry a means to establish the position of an accident within 6 NM radius)
- Coordination on the protection of the Cospas-Sarsat system from outof-band/adjacent band emissions of other services (2012-2015).